

# NDK\_ARMA\_FITTED

Last Modified on 07/08/2016 9:46 am CDT

- C/C++
- .Net

```
int __stdcall NDK_ARMA_FITTED(double *      pData,
                               size_t       nSize,
                               double        mean,
                               double        sigma,
                               double *      phis,
                               size_t        p,
                               double *      thetas,
                               size_t        q,
                               FIT_RETVAL_FUNC retType
                               )
```

Returns an array of cells for the fitted values (i.e. mean, volatility and residuals)

## Returns

status code of the operation

## Return values

**NDK\_SUCCESS** Operation successful

**NDK\_FAILED** Operation unsuccessful. See [Macros](#) for full list.

## Parameters

- [in,out] **pData** is the univariate time series data (a one dimensional array).
- [in] **nSize** is the number of observations in pData.
- [in] **mean** is the ARMA model mean (i.e. mu).
- [in] **sigma** is the standard deviation of the model's residuals/innovations.
- [in] **phis** are the parameters of the AR(p) component model (starting with the lowest lag).
- [in] **p** is the number of elements in phis (order of AR component)
- [in] **thetas** are the parameters of the MA(q) component model (starting with the lowest lag).
- [in] **q** is the number of elements in thetas (order of MA component)
- [in] **retType** is a switch to select a output type

### Order Description

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| 1 | Fitted mean (default)                   |
| 2 | Fitted standard deviation or volatility |
| 3 | Raw (non-standardized) residuals        |
| 4 | Standardized residuals                  |

## Remarks

1. The underlying model is described [here](#).
2. The time series is homogeneous or equally spaced.
3. The time series may include missing values (e.g. NaN) at either end.
4. The long-run mean can take any value or be omitted, in which case a zero value is assumed.
5. The residuals/innovations standard deviation (sigma) must be greater than zero.
6. For the input argument - phi:
  - The input argument is optional and can be omitted, in which case no AR component is included.
  - The order of the parameters starts with the lowest lag.
  - One or more parameters may have missing value or an error code (i.e. #NUM!, #VALUE!, etc.).
  - The order of the AR component model is solely determined by the order of the last value in the array with a numeric value (vs. missing or error).
7. For the input argument - theta:
  - The input argument is optional and can be omitted, in which case no MA component is included.
  - The order of the parameters starts with the lowest lag.
  - One or more values in the input argument can be missing or an error code (i.e. #NUM!, #VALUE!, etc.).
  - The order of the MA component model is solely determined by the order of the last value in the array with a numeric value (vs. missing or error).

## Requirements

<b>Header</b>	SFSDK.H
<b>Library</b>	SFSDK.LIB
<b>DLL</b>	SFSDK.DLL

## Examples

```
int NDK_ARMA_FITTED(double[] pData,  
                    UIntPtr nSize,  
                    double mean,  
                    double sigma,  
                    short nIntegral,  
                    double[] phis,  
                    UIntPtr p,
```

```
Namespace: NumXLAPI  
Class: SFSDK  
Scope: Public  
Lifetime: Static
```

```

double[] thetas,
UIntPtr q,
short retType
)

```

Returns an array of cells for the fitted values (i.e. mean, volatility and residuals)

### Return Value

a value from **NDK\_RETCODE** enumeration for the status of the call.

**NDK\_SUCCESS** operation successful

Error Error Code

### Parameters

- [in,out] **pData** is the univariate time series data (a one dimensional array).
- [in] **nSize** is the number of observations in pData.
- [in] **mean** is the ARMA model mean (i.e. mu).
- [in] **sigma** is the standard deviation of the model's residuals/innovations.
- [in] **phis** are the parameters of the AR(p) component model (starting with the lowest lag).
- [in] **p** is the number of elements in phis (order of AR component)
- [in] **thetas** are the parameters of the MA(q) component model (starting with the lowest lag).
- [in] **q** is the number of elements in thetas (order of MA component)
- [in] **retType** is a switch to select a output type

#### Order Description

Order	Description
1	Fitted mean (default)
2	Fitted standard deviation or volatility
3	Raw (non-standardized) residuals
4	Standardized residuals

### Remarks

1. The underlying model is described [here](#).
2. The time series is homogeneous or equally spaced.
3. The time series may include missing values (e.g. NaN) at either end.
4. The long-run mean can take any value or be omitted, in which case a zero value is assumed.
5. The residuals/innovations standard deviation (sigma) must be greater than zero.
6. For the input argument - phi:
  - The input argument is optional and can be omitted, in which case no AR component is included.
  - The order of the parameters starts with the lowest lag.
  - One or more parameters may have missing value or an error code (i.e. #NUM!, #VALUE!, etc.).
  - The order of the AR component model is solely determined by the order of the last value in the array with a numeric value (vs. missing or error).

## 7. For the input argument - theta:

- The input argument is optional and can be omitted, in which case no MA component is included.
- The order of the parameters starts with the lowest lag.
- One or more values in the input argument can be missing or an error code (i.e. #NUM!, #VALUE!, etc.).
- The order of the MA component model is solely determined by the order of the last value in the array with a numeric value (vs. missing or error).

### Exceptions

Exception Type	Condition
None	N/A

### Requirements

<b>Namespace</b>	NumXLAPI
<b>Class</b>	SFSDK
<b>Scope</b>	Public
<b>Lifetime</b>	Static
<b>Package</b>	NumXLAPI.DLL

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### References

- Hamilton, J .D.; [Time Series Analysis](#) , Princeton University Press (1994), ISBN 0-691-04289-6
- Tsay, Ruey S.; [Analysis of Financial Time Series](#) John Wiley & SONS. (2005), ISBN 0-471-690740

### See Also

[template("related")]

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