

NDK_SARIMA_FITTED

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- C/C++
- .Net

```
int NDK_SARIMA_FITTED(double * pData,
                      size_t nSize,
                      double mean,
                      double sigma,
                      WORD nIntegral,
                      double * phis,
                      size_t p,
                      double * thetas,
                      size_t q,
                      WORD nSIntegral,
                      WORD nSPeriod,
                      double * sPhis,
                      size_t sP,
                      double * sThetas,
                      size_t sQ,
                      FIT_RETVAL_FUNC retType
                      )
```

Returns an array of cells for the fitted values (i.e. mean, volatility and residuals)

Returns

status code of the operation

Return values

NDK_SUCCESS Operation successful

NDK_FAILED Operation unsuccessful. See [Macros](#) for full list.

Parameters

[in,out]	pData	is the univariate time series data (a one dimensional array).
[in]	nSize	is the number of observations in pData.
[in]	mean	is the model mean (i.e. mu).
[in]	sigma	is the standard deviation of the model's residuals/innovations.
[in]	nIntegral	is the non-seasonal difference order
[in]	phis	are the coefficients's values of the non-seasonal AR component
[in]	p	is the order of the non-seasonal AR component
[in]	thetas	are the coefficients's values of the non-seasonal MA component
[in]	q	is the order of the non-seasonal MA component
[in]	nSIntegral	is the seasonal difference
[in]	nSPeriod	is the number of observations per one period (e.g. 12=Annual, 4=Quarter)

- [in] **sPhi** are the coefficients's values of the seasonal AR component
- [in] **sP** is the order of the seasonal AR component
- [in] **sThetas** are the coefficients's values of the seasonal MA component
- [in] **sQ** is the order of the seasonal MA component
- [in] **retType** is a switch to select a output type

Order	Description
1	Fitted mean (default)
2	Fitted standard deviation or volatility
3	Raw (non-standardized) residuals
4	Standardized residuals

Remarks

1. The underlying model is described [here](#).
2. The time series is homogeneous or equally spaced
3. The time series may include missing values (e.g. NaN) at either end.
4. The long-run mean argument (mean) can take any value or be omitted, in which case a zero value is assumed.
5. The residuals/innovations standard deviation (sigma) must be greater than zero.
6. For the input argument - phi (parameters of the non-seasonal AR component):
 - The input argument is optional and can be omitted, in which case no non-seasonal AR component is included.
 - The order of the parameters starts with the lowest lag.
 - The order of the non-seasonal AR component model is solely determined by the order of the last value in the array with a numeric value (vs. missing or error).
7. For the input argument - theta (parameters of the non-seasonal MA component):
 - The input argument is optional and can be omitted, in which case no non-seasonal MA component is included.
 - The order of the parameters starts with the lowest lag.
 - The order of the non-seasonal MA component model is solely determined by the order of the last value in the array with a numeric value (vs. missing or error).
8. For the input argument - sPhi (parameters of the seasonal AR component):
 - The input argument is optional and can be omitted, in which case no seasonal AR component is included.
 - The order of the parameters starts with the lowest lag.
 - One or more parameters may have missing values or error codes (i.e. #NUM!, #VALUE!, etc.).
 - The order of the seasonal AR component model is solely determined by the order of the last value in the array with a numeric value (vs. missing or error).
9. For the input argument - sTheta (parameters of the seasonal MA component):
 - The input argument is optional and can be omitted, in which case no seasonal MA component is included.
 - The order of the parameters starts with the lowest lag.
 - One or more values in the input argument can be missing or an error code (i.e. #NUM!, #VALUE!, etc.).

- The order of the seasonal MA component model is solely determined by the order of the last value in the array with a numeric value (vs. missing or error).
10. The non-seasonal integration order - d - is optional and can be omitted, in which case d is assumed to be zero.
 11. The seasonal integration order - sD - is optional and can be omitted, in which case sD is assumed to be zero.
 12. The season length - s - is optional and can be omitted, in which case s is assumed to be zero (i.e. plain ARIMA).
 13. The function was added in version 1.63 SHAMROCK.

Requirements

Header	SFSDK.H
Library	SFSDK.LIB
DLL	SFSDK.DLL

Examples

```
int NDK_SARIMA_FITTED(double[]
                    UIntPtr
                    double
                    double
                    short
                    double[]
                    UIntPtr
                    double[]
                    UIntPtr
                    short
                    double[]
                    UIntPtr
                    double[]
                    UIntPtr
                    FIT_RETVAL_FUNC retType
                    )
    pData,
    nSize,
    mean,
    sigma,
    nIntegral,
    phis,
    p,
    thetas,
    q,
    nSIntegral,
    sPhis,
    sP,
    sThetas,
    sQ,
```

Namespace: NumXLAPI
Class: SFSDK
Scope: Public
Lifetime: Static

Returns an array of cells for the fitted values (i.e. mean, volatility and residuals)

Return Value

a value from **NDK_RETCODE** enumeration for the status of the call.

NDK_SUCCESS operation successful

Error Error Code

Parameters

[in, out]	pData	is the univariate time series data (a one dimensional array).
[in]	nSize	is the number of observations in pData.
[in]	mean	is the model mean (i.e. mu).
[in]	sigma	is the standard deviation of the model's residuals/innovations.
[in]	nIntegral	is the non-seasonal difference order
[in]	phis	are the coefficients's values of the non-seasonal AR component
[in]	p	is the order of the non-seasonal AR component
[in]	thetas	are the coefficients's values of the non-seasonal MA component
[in]	q	is the order of the non-seasonal MA component
[in]	nSIntegral	is the seasonal difference
[in]	nSPeriod	is the number of observations per one period (e.g. 12=Annual, 4=Quarter)
[in]	sPhis	are the coefficients's values of the seasonal AR component
[in]	sP	is the order of the seasonal AR component
[in]	sThetas	are the coefficients's values of the seasonal MA component
[in]	sQ	is the order of the seasonal MA component
[in]	retType	is a switch to select a output type

Order Description

1	Fitted mean (default)
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Remarks

1. The underlying model is described [here](#).
2. The time series is homogeneous or equally spaced
3. The time series may include missing values (e.g. NaN) at either end.
4. The long-run mean argument (mean) can take any value or be omitted, in which case a zero value is assumed.
5. The residuals/innovations standard deviation (sigma) must be greater than zero.
6. For the input argument - phi (parameters of the non-seasonal AR component):
 - The input argument is optional and can be omitted, in which case no non-seasonal AR component is included.
 - The order of the parameters starts with the lowest lag.
 - The order of the non-seasonal AR component model is solely determined by the order of the

last value in the array with a numeric value (vs. missing or error).

7. For the input argument - theta (parameters of the non-seasonal MA component):
 - The input argument is optional and can be omitted, in which case no non-seasonal MA component is included.
 - The order of the parameters starts with the lowest lag.
 - The order of the non-seasonal MA component model is solely determined by the order of the last value in the array with a numeric value (vs. missing or error).
8. For the input argument - sPhi (parameters of the seasonal AR component):
 - The input argument is optional and can be omitted, in which case no seasonal AR component is included.
 - The order of the parameters starts with the lowest lag.
 - One or more parameters may have missing values or error codes (i.e. #NUM!, #VALUE!, etc.).
 - The order of the seasonal AR component model is solely determined by the order of the last value in the array with a numeric value (vs. missing or error).
9. For the input argument - sTheta (parameters of the seasonal MA component):
 - The input argument is optional and can be omitted, in which case no seasonal MA component is included.
 - The order of the parameters starts with the lowest lag.
 - One or more values in the input argument can be missing or an error code (i.e. #NUM!, #VALUE!, etc.).
 - The order of the seasonal MA component model is solely determined by the order of the last value in the array with a numeric value (vs. missing or error).
10. The non-seasonal integration order - d - is optional and can be omitted, in which case d is assumed to be zero.
11. The seasonal integration order - sD - is optional and can be omitted, in which case sD is assumed to be zero.
12. The season length - s - is optional and can be omitted, in which case s is assumed to be zero (i.e. plain ARIMA).
13. The function was added in version 1.63 SHAMROCK.

Exceptions

Exception Type	Condition
None	N/A

Requirements

Namespace	NumXLAPI
Class	SFSDK

Scope	Public
Lifetime	Static
Package	NumXLAPI.DLL

Examples

References

- Hamilton, J .D.; [Time Series Analysis](#) , Princeton University Press (1994), ISBN 0-691-04289-6
- Tsay, Ruey S.; [Analysis of Financial Time Series](#) John Wiley & SONS. (2005), ISBN 0-471-690740

See Also

[[template\("related"\)](#)]
